

COIN MECHANISMS INC.

Where The Money Meets The Machine

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Intelligent Comparitor ® Coil Balancing Procedure Customer

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IDENTIFYING A 12 VOLT OR A 24 VOLT CIRCUIT BOARD

24 VOLTS HAS A SECOND REGULATOR WITH A HEAT SINK

> 24 VOLT CIRCUIT BOARD A 24 VOLT CIRCUIT BOARD USES AN ACCEPT COIL WITH GRAY LEADS (NOTE- BALLY MODEL 16 WIDE BODY IC'S USE AN ACCEPT COIL WITH GREEN WIRES AND A GOLD ARMATURE)

12 VOLTS HAS ONE REGULATOR AND A CAUTION LABEL



12 VOLT CIRCUIT BOARD A 12 VOLT CIRCUIT BOARD USES AN ACCEPT COIL WITH GREEN LEADS



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SENSOR COIL MECHANICAL BALANCING

- 1. Use a 1/16 in. hex drive bit and loosen both coil adjustment screws. (see fig. 1 & 2)
- 2. Use a torgue driver set to 4 in.-lbs. With a 3/32 in. hex drive bit, torque each of the (2) screws that hold the sensor coil stack together. (see fig. 1)
- 3. Use a 1/16 in. hex drive bit to loosen the spring retainer adjustment screw. (see fig. 2)
- 4. Using a torque driver set to 3 in.lbs. with a 1/4 in. hex socket, torque on the Keps nuts. (see fig. 2)
- 5. Slide the coil assembly to the right. (see fig. 3) Holding the coil assembly open, slide the token holder up until it is held captive due to the gap between the #2 and #3 coils.
- 6. Using the 1/16 in. hex drive bit, turn front coil adjustment screw clockwise, just until the token holder falls. (see fig. 1) There should be no more than 0.2mm (0.008") of clearance between the token holder and the #3 coil or between the coin and the #3 coil if the coin thickness is greater than the token holder web.
- 7. Using the 1/16 in. Hex drive bit, turn the spring retainer adjustment screw clockwise until it just touches the mainplate.
- If you are using an oscilloscope see document #00300001 or go to next page.













Fig. 4

SENSOR COIL ELECTRONIC BALANCING

CONNECT OSCILLOSCOPE OR mV AC METER TO PIN 1 (TEST POINT) AND TO PIN 4 (GROUND) TO MEASURE LOWEST NULL



Scenario 1

▶ Turn the back coil adjustment screw clockwise until the null amplitude is smallest.

Note: Once the front adjustment screw bottoms (amplitude begins to decrease), it should not take more than a quarter turn before the smallest amplitude has been reached. If more than a quarter turn is required, reject the assembly.

- Slide the proper token into the drop gap between the number #1 coil and the number #2 coil. The clearance should be 0. 2mm (0.008in). (If the token population varies significantly in thickness, use thickest token)
- ▶ If it is not, continue to turn the back coil adjustment screw clockwise until the clearance is 0.2mm (0.008in). Then insert the 1/16 in. hex drive bit back into the front coil adjusting screw and turn the screw with 1/16 in. hex drive wrench clockwise until the smallest amplitude has again been reached.
- If the clearance is greater, turn the spring retainer adjustment screw clockwise until the gap is reduced to 0.2mm (0.008in). Then insert the 1/16 in. hex drive bit back into the number (3) coil adjusting screw and turn it clockwise until the smallest amplitude has again been reached.

Scenario 2

- ▶ If, while adjusting the front coil adjusting screw, the amplitude (for oscilloscope this is voltage amplitude, for CPM this would be number of bars) decreases, slide the proper token into the gap between the #1 coil and the #2 coil, and turn the back coil adjusting screw clockwise until the clearance is 0.2mm (0.008in).
- Insert the 1/16 in. Hex drive bit back into the front coil adjusting screw again and turn the screw clockwise until the smallest amplitude is reached.

TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

CONDITION	CAUSE	FIX	TIPS
Poor coin accep- tance	 dirty lens on barcode reader 	clean by swabbing with alco- hol and buff dry with soft lint free cloth	spilled drinks, cigarette smoke and fingerprints often cause this type of malfunction WARNING: do not use am- monia based cleaners- dam- age to lens will occur.
	 incorrect damper lever installed during conver- sion 		
	 sticky or frozen damper lever 	disassemble and clean	damper lever will not move or operates slowly <i>spilled drinks often cause this</i> <i>type of malfunction</i>
	 sticky or frozen accept gate 	disassemble and clean	spilled drinks often cause this type of malfunction
	 incorrect potentiometer settings 	check settings	floor personnel adjusting po- tentiometer unnecessarily
	extremely worn tokens	contact Coin Mechanisms or Eurocoin	may require software adjust- ment
No acceptance	mech installed in incom- patible host machine	Confirm pcb voltage and de- nomination with CPM	
	mech installed in incorrect location	verify property with CPM	
	 incorrectly denominated circuit board 	check part numbers	
	no power	check for broken wires on mech or harness connection from slot machine	
	 sticky or frozen damper lever 	disassemble and clean	damper lever will not move or operates slowly spilled drinks often cause this type of malfunction
	• sticky accept gate.	disassemble and clean	spilled drinks often cause this type of malfunction
	 dirty lens on barcode reader 	clean by swabbing with alco- hol and buff dry with soft lint free cloth	spilled drinks, cigarette smoke and fingerprints often cause this type of malfunction WARNING: do not use am- monia based cleaners- dam- age to lens will occur.
	defective or damaged bar- code reader	change barcode reader	oscilloscope wave form will not appear correct
	defective or damaged cir- cuit board	change circuit board	produces flat line in oscillo- scope analysis

TEST EQUIPMENT REFERENCE GUIDE





TEST STAND P/N 05000009 TEST STATION P/N 00660010

Tp ADJUSTING TOOL (1/16 in hex drive)













È SEE BACK VIEW 28

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24

VALENCE SENSOR CONFIGURATION

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APPLY LOC-TITE 242 TO Threads of Both Screws Before Assembly

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2B)

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